## Socials 11 Exam Review Sheet 1: Politics and Government

	demonstrate understanding of the		define totalitarianism, democracy, liberalism, conservatism,
	political spectrum	_	socialism, fascism, and communism
	pointed spectrum		
		_	parties in terms of policies, philosophies, and priorities
	explain how Canadians can effect		describe the significance of the following in the
•	•	_	
	change at the federal and provincial levels		workings of government:
	levels		passage of legislation (including First, Second, and Third Booties Booties and Associated Second and Italy)
			Third Reading; Royal Assent; private members bills)
			party discipline versus free votes
			- cabinet
			- patronage
			- Order-in-Council
		ш	compare mechanisms whereby public policy can be
			changed (e.g., elections, petitions and protests,
			lobbyists, special interest groups, court actions, media
			campaigns)
•	explain how federal and provincial		,
	governments are formed in Canada		candidates, parties, constituencies, voting, election
			campaigns)
			6
			in terms of benefits and challenges
•	describe major provisions of the		demonstrate awareness of precursors to the Canadian
	Canadian constitution, including the		constitution (e.g., British North America Act, Bill of Rights)
	Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms,		explain the significance of the "notwithstanding clause"
	and assess its impact on Canadian		and amending formula
	society		identify Charter rights and fundamental freedoms (e.g.,
			equality, mobility, legal rights, language rights,
			education) and potential limitations on those rights
			give examples of the impact of the Charter on Canadian
			society

## **Terms/Topics to Know**

How a Bill becomes a Law
Private Members Bill
Cabinet
Patronage
Free Votes
Order-in-Council
Charter of Rights and Freedoms
Notwithstanding Clause
History of Constitution in Canada