STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT • Human Geography

HUMAN GEOGRAPHY

PRESCRIBED LEARNING OUTCOMES	SUGGESTED ACHIEVEMENT INDICATORS
It is expected that students will:	The following set of indicators may be used to assess student achievement for each corresponding prescribed learning outcome. Students who have fully met the prescribed learning outcome are able to:
explain the significance of changes in world population with reference to population pyramids distribution density demographic transition models	□ interpret population pyramids and the demographic transition model □ collect and analyse population data related to □ distribution □ density □ dependency ratio □ relate changes in Canada's population to changes in world population □ describe possible responses to population growth, such as □ improving literacy rates □ economic development opportunities for women □ family planning (e.g., one-child policy)
compare Canada's standard of living with those of developing countries, with reference to poverty and key indicators of human development	explain the significance of the UN Human Development Index research key indicators of human development for Canada and developing countries, including life expectancy rates literacy rates infant mortality rates disease (e.g., HIV/AIDS) fertility GDP describe causes of poverty (e.g., armed conflict, natural disasters, lack of education and employment) describe possible responses to development issues, such as international aid (e.g., CIDA, NGOs, UNICEF, WHO) debt reduction
assess environmental challenges facing Canadians, including global warming ozone layer depletion fresh water quality and supply	explain how industrial and technological development can affect the environment (e.g., global warming and ozone layer depletion) evaluate possible responses to global warming and ozone depletion (e.g., Kyoto protocol) identify threats to water quality and supply in Canada (e.g., contamination, misuse) and suggest possible solutions (e.g., treatment technologies, conservation)